FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

Board of Directors

June 30, 2016

Jeff Sample - President Janine Treu - Vice President James Wilkins - Treasurer Ryan Geller Shawn Colby Tanya Kessenich - Staff Member Shelby Kellerman - Staff Member Kim Walter - Principal

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r Swanhorst & Company LLC

Board of Directors Eagle County Charter Academy Edwards, Colorado

Certified Public Accountant

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, and the major fund of the Eagle County Charter Academy, component unit of Eagle County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Eagle County Charter Academy, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, and the major fund of the Eagle County Charter Academy as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters (Required Supplementary Information)

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Matters (Other Information)

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Eagle County Charter Academy's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

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November 11, 2016

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Introduction

As management of the Eagle County Charter Academy (the "Academy"), we offer readers of the financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Academy for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Financial Highlights

Fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 is the second year reporting net pension liability and deferred inflows and outflows following Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No.* 27. As such, the School included the Net Pension Liability per GASB Statement No. 68 in the amount of \$5,710,235 for FY 2016 and \$5,326,168 for FY 2015 as noncurrent liability on the Statement of Net Position. For FY 2016 and FY 2015, the government-wide assets of the Academy exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$6,294,210 and \$6,736,193 (net position) for the Primary Government - Charter School respectively.

The Component Unit – Eagle County Charter Academy Education Foundation (the "Foundation") ended with \$486,888 and \$493,409 (net position) respectively.

At the close of the fiscal year the School's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$1,304,569, an increase of \$126,630. The operations of the School are funded primarily by tax revenue received under the State School Finance Act (the Act). Tax revenue for the year from Per Pupil Revenue was \$2,504,637. The School also received \$409,062 in Mill Levy Override revenue.

The governmental activities ending net position decreased from \$6,736,193 to \$6,294,210. A portion of the net position is a negative unrestricted fund balance of \$4,526,249. The negative unrestricted fund balance is due primarily to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 68, resulting in a net pension liability of \$5,710,235, representing its proportionate share of the plan's net pension liability. In addition, at June 30, 2016, \$102,500 of net position was restricted for the emergency contingency required by Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution (TABOR), \$119,301 was restricted for capital renewal and \$10,598,658 reflects the net investment in capital assets.

The Foundation's ending net position decreased from \$493,409 to \$486,888. This decrease was largely caused by the increase in contributions to the school. These funds will provide resources to support the operations of the Academy.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Academy's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Academy's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Academy's assets and liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Academy is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Academy's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected grant revenues and earned but unpaid salaries and benefits).

The government-wide statement of activities distinguishes functions/programs of the Academy supported primarily by per pupil revenue (PPR) or property taxes passed through from the District. The governmental activities of the Academy include instruction and supporting services expense.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the Academy itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Foundation for which the Academy is financially accountable. Financial information for the component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 1-2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Academy, like other governmental units or charter schools, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements. All of the Academy's activities are reported under one fund: governmental fund.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Academy's near-term financing requirements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Academy's near-term financing decisions. The governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Academy maintains one governmental fund. Information is presented in the governmental balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the general fund because it is considered to be a major fund.

The Academy adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. This information is provided in pages 5-15.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the School's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

In the case of the Academy, assets exceeded liabilities by \$6,294,210 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Eagle County Charter Academy's Net Position – Governmental Activities

	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,279,735	\$ 1,201,457
Accounts Receivable	1,317	74,493
Accounts Receivable-Foundation	0	2,790
Prepaid Expenses	12,819	4,949
Inventories	10,698	10,698
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	10,598,658	10,974,520
Total Assets	11,903,227	12,268,907
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Pensions, Net of Accumulated Amortization	749,536	293,736
Current liabilities	359,320	475,768
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Net Pension Liability	5,710,235	5,326,168
Total Liabilities	6,069,555	5,801,936
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pensions, Net of Accumulated Amortization	288,998	24,514
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	10,598,658	10,974,520
Restricted for Emergencies	102,500	99,000
Restricted for Capital Renewal	119,301	79,534
Unrestricted	(4,526,249)	(4,416,861)
Total Net Position	\$ 6,294,210	\$ 6,736,193

A portion of the Academy's governmental assets, 10.8% is in Cash and Investments and 89.0% are in Capital Assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Eagle County Charter Academy's Change in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 Governmental Activities

	<u>June 30, 2016</u>	June 30, 2015
Program Revenue:		
Tuition and Fees	\$ 391,557	\$ 380,495
Total Program Revenue	391,557	380,495
Capital Grants and Contributions:		
BEST Grant Program Grant	0	103,173
Total Capital Grants and Contributions	0	103,173
General Revenue:		
Per Pupil Revenue	2,504,637	2,409,718
District Mill Levy Revenue	409,062	415,923
Foundation Contributions – Unrestricted	358,599	345,848
State Capital Construction	85,173	55,867
Other Contributions	16,122	20,490
Investment Income	3,705	1,044
Other	45	2,203
Total General Revenue	3,377,343	3,251,093
Total Revenue	3,768,900	3,734,761
Expenses:		
Instruction	2,706,491	2,686,462
Supporting Services	1,504,392	1,456,275
Total Expenses	4,210,883	4,142,737
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(441,983)	(407,976)
Beginning Net Position	6,736,193	12,022,300
Prior Period Adjustment	0	(4,878,131)
Ending Net Position	\$ 6,294,210	\$ 6,736,193

Financial Analysis of the Academy's Funds

As noted earlier, the Academy uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Academy's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Academy's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Academy's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The amount received for each student from the State increased for FY 2016 by 3.9%. Salary and benefit expenditures increased by 1.2% or \$28,956. This was the result of staff raises and increases in employee benefit costs. The net change in fund balance reflected an increase of \$126,630.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Academy approves a budget in June based on enrollment projections for the following school year. In October after enrollment stabilizes, adjustments are made to the budget. The Academy approved a supplemental budget during the year to true up the beginning fund balance and adjustments in revenues for the actual student count. The original general fund budget was \$4,446,876 and it was adjusted to \$4,580,842. Expenditures were less than budget by \$93,727.

Capital Assets

In August 2011, the Eagle County Charter Academy was fortunate to have been awarded a Building Excellent Schools Today (BEST) grant from the State of Colorado in the amount of \$9,302,653. The Academy used \$8,822,188 in grant proceeds and matching funds in the amount of \$2,785,954 to construct a new educational facility. The Academy broke ground in August 2012 and opened in the new facility in fall 2013. Additional information on the Academy's capital assets is provided in Note 3 to the financial statements. The Academy added \$30,331 to capital assets during FY 2016. This included a fence and a tuff shed.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The FY 2017 budget projects the Academy's general fund balance will have a decrease of approximately \$38,277. This is a planned decrease as we utilize some of the available operating reserve for some onetime expenditures. Enrollment is projected to remain at the current 346 students in FY 2016. Below are the historical enrollment numbers:

Fiscal Year	Enrollment
2007 / 2008	288
2008 / 2009	292
2009 / 2010	293
2010 / 2011	299
2011 / 2012	315
2012 / 2013	325
2013 / 2014	346
2014 / 2015	346
2015 / 2016	346

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Eagle County Charter Academy's finances for all those with an interest in the Academy's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Rick Boos, Chief Financial Officer, 1105 Miller Ranch Road, Edwards, Colorado 81632.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2016

	PRIMARY <u>GOVERNMENT</u> GOVERNMENTAL <u>ACTIVITIES</u>	COMPONENT UNIT FOUNDATION
ASSETS		
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,279,735	\$ 482,115
Accounts Receivable	1,317	2,950
Prepaid Expenses	12,819	2,757
Inventories	10,698	-
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	10,598,658	
TOTAL ASSETS	11,903,227	487,822
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pensions, Net of Accumulated Amortization	749,536	
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	31,996	934
Accounts Payable - District	3,662	-
Accrued Liabilities	36,697	-
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	270,673	-
Unearned Revenues	16,292	-
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Net Pension Liability	5,710,235	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	6,069,555	934
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pensions, Net of Accumulated Amortization	288,998	
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	10,598,658	-
Restricted for Emergencies	102,500	-
Restricted for Capital Renewal	119,301	-
Unrestricted	(4,526,249)	486,888
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$6,294,210	\$486,888

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2016

						NET (EXPEN AND CHANGE I	,
				PROGRAM		PRIMARY	 COMPONENT
				REVENUES		GOVERNMENT	UNIT
			C	HARGES FOR	G	OVERNMENTAL	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		EXPENSES		SERVICES		ACTIVITIES	FOUNDATION
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT							
Governmental Activities							
Instruction	\$	2,706,491	\$	300,684	\$	(2,405,807)	\$ -
Supporting Services		1,504,392	_	90,873		(1,413,519)	-
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	4,210,883	\$_	391,557		(3,819,326)	
COMPONENT UNIT							
Foundation	\$	460,899	\$	-		-	(460,899)
	-						
		NERAL REVEN	JES				
		r Pupil Revenue				2,504,637	-
		strict Mill Levy				409,062	-
		te Capital Constr				85,173	-
		ants and Contribu		not Restricted			
		Specific Program	ns			374,721	453,884
		vestment Income				3,705	494
	Mi	scellaneous				45	
	Т	OTAL GENERA	AL RE	VENUES		3,377,343	454,378
	C	CHANGE IN NE	Г POS	SITION		(441,983)	(6,521)
	NET	r POSITION, Be	ginnin	g	-	6,736,193	493,409
	NET	r POSITION, En	ding		\$	6,294,210	\$ 486,888

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUND June 30, 2016

	_	GENERAL
ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$	1,279,735
Accounts Receivable	ψ	1,317
Prepaid Expenditures		12,819
Inventories		10,698
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,304,569
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
LIABILITIES	¢	21.000
Accounts Payable	\$	31,996
Accounts Payable - District		3,662
Accrued Liabilities		36,697
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		270,673
Unearned Revenues		16,292
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	359,320
FUND BALANCE		
Nonspendable Prepaid Expenditures		12,819
Nonspendable Inventories		10,698
Restricted for Emergencies		102,500
Restricted for Capital Renewal		119,301
Unrestricted, Unassigned		699,931
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	_	945,249
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	1,304,569
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:		
Total Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund	\$	945,249
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not		
reported in governmental funds.		10,598,658
Long-term liabilities and related items, including net pension liability (\$5,710,235), pension-related		
deferred outflows of resources \$749,536, and pension-related deferred inflows of resources (\$288,998),		
are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.	_	(5,249,697)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	6,294,210

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2016

		GENERAL
REVENUES Local Sources		
Per Pupil Revenue	\$	2,504,637
District Mill Levy	Ψ	409,062
Tuition and Fees		300,684
Food Service Fees		90,873
Foundation Contributions		358,599
Other Contributions		16,122
Investment Income		3,705
Miscellaneous		45
State Sources		
Capital Construction		85,173
TOTAL REVENUES		3,768,900
EXPENDITURES		
Instruction		2,567,711
Supporting Services		1,074,559
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3,642,270
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		126,630
FUND BALANCE, Beginning		818,619
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$	945,249
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:		
Net Change in Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund	\$	126,630
Capital outlays to purchase or construct capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are capitalized in the statement of net position and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which depreciation expense (\$406,193) exceeded capital outlay \$30,331 in the		(255.000)
current year.		(375,862)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount represents the change in net pension liability (\$384,067), pension-related deferred outflows of resources \$455,800,		
and pension-related deferred inflows of resources (\$264,484) in the current year.	_	(192,751)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(441,983)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

The Eagle County Charter Academy (the "School") was organized in 1994 pursuant to the Colorado Charter Schools Act to form and operate a charter school within the Eagle County School District (the "District") in the State of Colorado. The School is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of five parents or community members, two staff members, and the School's principal, a non-voting member.

The accounting policies of the School conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and reporting principles. Following is a summary of the School's more significant policies.

Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of the School, organizations for which the School is financially accountable, and organizations that raise and hold economic resources for the direct benefit of the School. All funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments and offices that are not legally separate are part of the School. Legally separate organizations for which the School is financially accountable are considered part of the reporting entity. Financial accountability exists if the School appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and is able to impose its will on the organization, or if there is a potential for the organization to provide benefits to, or impose financial burdens on, the School.

The School includes the Eagle County Charter Academy Education Foundation (the "Foundation") within its reporting entity. The Foundation is a non-profit organization formed to develop cooperative relationships with businesses and the School, to provide a vehicle by which individuals and businesses may support the School, and to maintain real or personal property exclusively for educational, charitable or literary purposes. The Foundation is discretely presented in the School's financial statements and does not issue separate financial statements.

The School is a component unit of the District. The School's charter was granted by the District and the majority of the School's funding is provided by the District.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all activities of the School and its component unit. *Governmental activities*, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported in a single column. The *primary government* is reported separately from the legally separate *component unit*.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to students or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Unrestricted revenues not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for the major governmental fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting* as are the Foundation's financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Available means collected within the current year or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current year, not to exceed 60 days. Intergovernmental revenues, grants, and interest associated with the current year are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current year. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the School. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific use, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first, and the unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The School reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - This is the general operating fund of the School. It is currently used to account for all financial activities of the School.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and Investments - Investments are reported at fair value. Investments in the external investment pool are reported at the net asset value per share, which is measured using amortized cost.

Receivables - All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Prepaid Expenses - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future years and are reported as prepaid expenses.

Inventories - Inventories consist of school supplies and clothing available for sale. Inventories are valued at cost, using the first-in, first-out method. The costs of inventories are recorded as assets when purchased and as expenses when consumed.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include buildings and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date of donation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Depreciation of exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations, and accumulated depreciation is reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Buildings and Improvements	30 years
Equipment	5 years

Accrued Salaries and Benefits - Salaries and retirement benefits of certain contractually employed personnel are paid over a twelve month period from September to August, but are earned during a school year of approximately nine to ten months. The salaries and benefits earned, but unpaid, are reported as a liability of the General Fund.

Unearned Revenues - Unearned revenues represent resources received by the School before it has a legal claim to them, including tuition and fees.

Compensated Absences - School personnel are allowed to accumulate up to thirty days of unused sick and personal time. Accrued sick and personal time is not paid upon termination of employment. Therefore, no liability is reported in the financial statements.

Pensions - The School participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position, and additions to and deductions from the SDTF's fiduciary net position have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, the same basis of accounting used by the SDTF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position/Fund Balance - In the government-wide and fund financial statements, net position and fund balance are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are externally imposed. The Board of Directors is authorized to establish a fund balance commitment through passage of a resolution, and may assign fund balances to a specific purpose through an informal action.

The School has not established a formal policy for its use of restricted and unrestricted fund balances. However, if both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available for a specific purpose, the School uses restricted fund balance first, followed by committed, assigned, and unassigned balances.

Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School carries commercial insurance for these risks of loss.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 2: <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS</u>

The School's cash and investments at June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

Petty Cash	\$ 1,569
Deposits	335,801
Investments	942,365
Total	\$ 1,279,735

Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires all local government entities to deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by State regulations. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. The PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits. At June 30, 2016, the School had bank deposits of \$147,934 collateralized with securities held by the financial institution's agent but not in the School's name.

Investments

The School is required to comply with State statutes which specify investment instruments meeting defined rating, maturity, and concentration risk criteria in which local governments may invest, which include the following. State statutes do not address custodial risk.

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- · Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

Interest Rate Risk - State statutes generally limit investments to an original maturity of five years unless the governing board authorizes the investment for a period in excess of five years.

Credit Risk - State statutes allow investments with specified ratings provided by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, depending on the type of investment.

Concentration of Credit Risk - State statutes do not limit the amount the School may invest in one issuer of investment securities, except for corporate securities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 2: <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS</u> (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Local Government Investment Pool - At June 30, 2016, the School had \$942,365 invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (Colotrust), an investment trust established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds for investment purposes. The Colorado Division of Securities administers and enforces the requirements of creating and operating Colotrust. Colotrust operates in conformity with the Securities and Exchange Commission's Rule 2a-7, with each share valued at \$1. Colotrust is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Investments of Colotrust are limited to those allowed by State statutes. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the participating governments.

Component Unit

At June 30, 2016, the Foundation had uninsured bank deposits of \$146,516.

NOTE 3: <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2016, are summarized below:

	Balances 6/30/15	Additions	Deletions	Balances 6/30/16
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	\$11,610,838	\$ -	\$ -	\$11,610,838
Equipment	80,289	30,331		110,620
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	11,691,127	30,331		11,721,458
Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings and Improvements	(709,551)	(387,028)	-	(1,096,579)
Equipment	(7,056)	(19,165)	-	(26,221)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	(716,607)	(406,193)	-	(1,122,800)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$10,974,520</u>	<u>\$ (375,862</u>)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$10,598,658</u>
Component Unit				
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated				
Equipment	\$ 36,638	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36,638
Accumulated Depreciation	(36,638)			(36,638)
Component Unit Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>

Depreciation expense of the governmental activities was charged to the supporting services program.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 4: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN</u>

General Information

Plan Description - The School contributes to the School Division Trust Fund (SDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). All employees of the School participate in the SDTF. Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (CRS) assigns the authority to establish and amend plan provisions to the State Legislature. PERA issues a publicly available financial report that includes information on the SDTF. That report may be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits Provided - The SDTF provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to plan participants or their beneficiaries. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure in place, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. The retirement benefit is the greater of the a) highest average salary multiplied by 2.5% and then multiplied by years of service credit, or b) the value of the participant's contribution account plus an equal match on the retirement date, annualized into a monthly amount based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors. In no case can the benefit amount exceed the highest average salary or the amount allowed by applicable federal regulations.

Retirees who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive postretirement cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) as established by State statutes. Retirees who began employment before January 1, 2007, receive an annual increase of 2%, unless PERA has a negative investment year, in which case the annual increase for the next three years is the lesser of 2% or the average consumer price index for the prior calendar year. Retirees that began employment after January 1, 2007, receive an annual increase of the lesser of 2% or the average consumer price index for the prior calendar year, with certain limitations.

Disability benefits are available for plan participants once they reach five years of earned service credit and meet the definition of a disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the retirement benefit formula described previously, considering a minimum of twenty years of service credit.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure in place, and the qualified survivor receiving the benefits.

Contributions - The School and eligible employees are required to contribute to the SDTF at rates established by Title 24, Article 51, Part 4 of the CRS. These contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the State Legislature. The contribution rate for employees is 8% of covered salaries. The School's contribution rate for calendar years 2015 and 2016 was 18.35% and 19.15% of covered salaries, respectively. However, a portion of the School's contribution (1.02% of covered salaries) is allocated to the Health Care Trust Fund (See Note 5). The School's contributions to the SDFT for the year ended June 30, 2016, were \$307,772, equal to the required contributions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 4: <u>**DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**</u> (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the School reported a net pension liability of \$5,710,235, representing its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the SDTF. The net pension liability was measured at December 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2014. Changes in assumptions and other inputs since the prior measurement date did not significantly affect the total pension liability. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2015. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School's contributions to the SDTF for the calendar year ended December 31, 2015, relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2015, the School's proportion was 0.0373357237%, which was a decrease of 0.0019620474% from its proportion measured at December 31, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the School recognized pension expense of \$487,488. At June 30, 2016, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	Deferred utflows of esources	Ir	Deferred nflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	75,405	\$	251
Changes of assumptions and other inputs		-		80,696
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on plan investments		490,115		-
Changes in proportion		-		208,051
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		184,016		
Total	<u>\$</u>	749,536	\$	288,998

School contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$184,016 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,

2017 2018 2019 2020	\$	46,045 48,768 82,146 99,563
Total	<u>\$</u>	276,522

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 4: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - The actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2014, determined the total pension liability using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Price inflation	2.8%
Real wage growth	1.1%
Wage inflation	3.9%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.9% - 10.1%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of plan	
investment expenses, including price inflation	7.5%
Future post-retirement benefit increases:	
Hired prior to 1/1/07	2%
Hired after 12/31/06	ad hoc

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males and Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale AA to 2020 with males set back one year, and females set back two years.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2013, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2008, through December 31, 2011, adopted by PERA's governing board on November 13, 2012, and an economic study adopted by PERA's governing board on November 15, 2013, and January 17, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

The most recent analysis of the long-term expected rate of return was presented to the PERA governing board on November 15, 2013, and included the target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class, as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 4: <u>**DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**</u> (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

		10 Year Expected
		Geometric Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity - Large Cap	26.76%	5.00%
U.S. Equity - Small Cap	4.40%	5.19%
Non U.S. Equity - Developed	22.06%	5.29%
Non U.S. Equity - Emerging	6.24%	6.76%
Core Fixed Income	24.05%	0.98%
High Yield	1.53%	2.64%
Long Duration Government/Credit	0.53%	1.57%
Emerging Market Bonds	0.43%	3.04%
Real Estate	7.00%	5.09%
Private Equity	7.00%	7.15%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and the employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in State statutes, which currently require annual increases, to a total of 20.15% of covered salaries for the year ended December 31, 2018. When the actuarially determined funding ratio reaches 103%, the employer contribution rate will decrease 0.5% each year, to a minimum of 10.15%. Based on those assumptions, the SDTF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current participants. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. In addition, the discount rate did not change from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability if it were calculated using a discount that is one percentage point lower (6.5%) or one percentage point higher (8.5%) than the current rate, as follows:

	Current					
	1%	6 Decrease		Discount	1%	% Increase
	(6.5%)		Rate (7.5%)			(8.5%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	7,402,134	<u>\$</u>	5,710,235	<u>\$</u>	4,302,891

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the SDTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's separately issued financial report, which may be obtained at www.copera.org/ investments/pera-financial-reports.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 5: <u>POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS</u>

Plan Description - The School contributes to the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer postemployment healthcare plan administered by PERA. The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to PERA participating benefit recipients and their eligible beneficiaries. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the CRS, as amended, assigns the authority to establish the HCTF benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PERA issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the HCTF. That report may be obtained as described previously.

Funding Policy - The School is required to contribute at a rate of 1.02% of covered salaries for all PERA participants. No employee contributions are required. The contribution requirements for the School are established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 4 of the CRS, as amended. The apportionment of the contributions to the HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 208 of the CRS, as amended. The School's apportionment to the HCTF for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 was \$16,756, \$16,620 and \$16,579, respectively, equal to the required amounts for each year.

NOTE 6: <u>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</u>

Claims and Judgments

The School participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by revenues received from other governmental entities. Expenditures financed by these revenues are subject to audit by the appropriate government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with program regulations, the School may be required to reimburse the other government. At June 30, 2016, significant amounts of related expenditures have not been audited but management believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on the overall financial position of the School.

Tabor Amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters approved the Tabor Amendment to the State Constitution which limits state and local government taxing powers and imposes spending limitations. The Amendment is subject to interpretation, but management believes the School is in substantial compliance with the Amendment. As required by the Amendment, the School has established a reserve for emergencies. At June 30, 2016, the reserve was reported as restricted fund balance in the General Fund, in the amount of \$102,500.

Capital Renewal Reserve

The School was awarded a Building Excellent Schools Today (BEST) grant from the State of Colorado to construct its building. In accordance with the related State statutes, the School is required to establish a capital renewal reserve for the purpose of replacing major facility systems such as roofs, interior finishes, electrical systems and heating, ventilating, and air conditioning systems. At a minimum, the School must contribute \$100 per pupil annually to the capital renewal reserve. At June 30, 2016, the reserve was reported as restricted fund balance in the General Fund, in the amount of \$119,301.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 6: <u>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</u> (Continued)

Ground Lease

In December, 2011, the Foundation assigned its rights under a ground lease to the School. The lease agreement allows the School to use real property owned by the District for a term of forty years, through December 8, 2051. No monetary rent is required.

Ownership of the educational facilities located on the real property vests with the School during the term of the lease. However, any sale of the facilities requires prior written approval of the District, and upon expiration or termination of the ground lease, ownership of the facilities will revert to the District.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND CONTRIBUTIONS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO SCHOOL DIVISION TRUST FUND

June 30, 2016

PROPORTION ATE OF A DE OF THE NET PENGLON LA DULITY	12/31/15		12/31/14			12/31/13
PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY School's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.	0373357237%	(0.0392977711%		0.0395568678%
School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	5,710,235	\$	5,326,168	\$	5,045,468
School's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	1,627,083	\$	1,646,294	\$	1,594,664
School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		351%		324%		316%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		59%		63%		64%
	6/30/16		6/30/15		6/30/14	
SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS Statutorily Required Contribution	\$	291,016	\$	274,694	\$	259,558
Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution		(291,016)	_	(274,694)		(259,558)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$_	-	\$	
School's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	1,642,754	\$	1,629,423	\$	1,625,411
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		17.72%		16.86%		15.97%

This schedule is presented to show information for 10 years. Until information for the full 10-year period is available, information will be presented for the years it is available.

See the accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2016

	_	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	_	VARIANCE Positive (Negative)
REVENUES								
Local Sources	¢		<i>•</i>		<i>•</i>		<i>•</i>	
Per Pupil Revenue	\$	2,500,287	\$	2,497,406	\$	2,504,637	\$	7,231
District Mill Levy		413,540		383,055		409,062		26,007
Tuition and Fees		312,000		336,200		300,684		(35,516)
Food Service Fees		80,000		95,000		90,873		(4,127)
Foundation Contributions		350,980		357,829		358,599		770
Other Contributions		4,000		4,000		16,122		12,122
Investment Income		800		1,700		3,705		2,005
Miscellaneous		1,500		3,000		45		(2,955)
State Sources				04.000				1.1.10
Capital Construction	_	86,500	_	84,033		85,173	_	1,140
TOTAL REVENUES	_	3,749,607	_	3,762,223	_	3,768,900	_	6,677
EXPENDITURES								
Instruction								
Salaries		1,433,418		1,418,396		1,411,342		7,054
Benefits		582,678		561,515		524,939		36,576
Purchased Services		573,340		582,985		475,811		107,174
Supplies and Materials		113,400		120,840		102,806		18,034
Other		25,500		20,500		52,813		(32,313)
Supporting Services								
Salaries		408,590		417,346		422,079		(4,733)
Benefits		133,445		132,704		121,297		11,407
Purchased Services		320,058		311,870		323,595		(11,725)
Supplies and Materials		146,150		165,800		148,015		17,785
Property		1,040		1,040		56,662		(55,622)
Other		3,000		3,000		2,911		89
Reserves	_	706,277		844,846		-	_	844,846
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	4,446,896	_	4,580,842	_	3,642,270	_	938,572
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(697,289)		(818,619)		126,630		945,249
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	_	697,289		818,619	_	818,619	_	
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$_		\$		\$_	945,249	\$_	945,249

See the accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2016

NOTE 1: <u>SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND</u> <u>CONTRIBUTIONS</u>

The Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado School Division Trust Fund's net pension liability and associated amounts are measured annually at December 31, based on an actuarial valuation as of the previous December 31. The School's contributions and related ratios represent cash contributions and any related accruals that coincide with the School's fiscal year ending on June 30.

Changes in Assumptions and Other Inputs

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2014. The following programming and methodology changes were made since the prior actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2013.

- Valuation of the full survivor benefit without any reduction for possible remarriage.
- Reflection of the employer match on separation benefits for all eligible years.
- Reflection of one year of service eligibility for survivor annuity benefit.
- Refinement of the 18 month annual increase timing.
- Refinements to directly value certain and life, modified cash refund and pop-up benefit forms.
- Recognition of merit salary increases in the first projection year.
- Elimination of the assumption that 35% of future disabled members elect to receive a refund.
- Removal of the negative value adjustment for liabilities associated with refunds of future terminating members.
- Adjustments to the timing of the normal cost and unfunded actuarial accrued liability payment calculations to reflect contributions throughout the year.

NOTE 2: <u>STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY</u>

Budgetary Information

A budget is adopted for the School on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The School adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary information reflected in the financial statements.

- Management submits to the Board of Directors a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Prior to June 30, the budget is adopted by the Board of Directors.
- Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Directors.
- All appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOUNDATION Year Ended June 30, 2016

	FC	UNDATION
REVENUES	*	
Contributions	\$	315,206
Fundraising		138,678
Investment Income		494
TOTAL REVENUES		454,378
EXPENSES		
Programs		
Student Activities		68,012
School Contributions		358,599
Total Programs		426,611
General and Administration		
Accounting and Legal		6,316
Bank Charges		9,726
Insurance		3,467
Software		600
Total General and Administration		20,109
Fundraising		14,179
TOTAL EXPENSES		460,899
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(6,521)
NET POSITION, Beginning		493,409
NET POSITION, Ending	\$	486,888

See the accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.